THE BREASTFEEDING MOVEMENT IN THAILAND: PROMISING A BRIGHTER FUTURE

The 21 st IUHPE World Conference on Health Promotion
Aug 25-29, 2013
Pattaya, Thailand



Siraporn Sawasdivorn M.D.

Queen Sirikit National Institute of Child Health

Kannika Bangsainoi M.D. Health Promotion Center Region 10, Chiang Mai. **Kusuma Chusilp** M.D. Department of Pediatrics, Khon Kaen University.



Siraporn Sawasdivorn M.D., Ped



Edu.

M.D.: Siriraj Medical School, Mahidol University

Ped: Children Hospital, DMS, MOPH

Cert. Lactation Management Education (Wellstart USA.)

• Cert. Breastfeeding: Practice and Policy (International Institution of Child Health UK.)

• Cert.: Hubert H. Humphrey Fellowship Program,

Emory U. USA. (1994-1995)

Past Head Social Pediatrics Section, QSNICH

GP: Mukdaharn Hospital

Ped.: Mahasarakham, Yasothorn and

Nakornsawan Hospital

Board member : Pediatric Society of Thailand Secretary General : Thai Breastfeeding Center

Present

- Director Queen Sirikit National Institute of Child Health
- Vice President Thai Breastfeeding Center Foundation
- Vice Prsesident Thai Medical Women Association of Thailand
- Board Committee Child Health Social Communication, the Royal College of Pediatrician of Thailand
- Board Committee Fulbright Alumni

- Started working as a pediatrician in 1985, queuing formula in the nursery ward for an exchange of donation for medical equipment was accepted. Therefore, a lot of free formula sample both in the hospital and private practice were popular.
- After realizing breastfeeding has much impact to child health, since 1992, free formula was banned except for some special cases. And turned herself support breastfeeding in various ranges of hospitals and communities, along with colleagues and breastfeeding friends with the confidence of

Smart Breastfeeding Smart Citizen



Outline

- Background
- Objective
- Method
- Result
- Conclusion



Background

The Breastfed baby

Immune system: the response to immunization is better. Risk of developing leukaemia is 19% less than those with formula feeding.

Brain: Higher IQ score from 2-3 up to 8-10 point due to proper amount of fat content which is easily digested and thus optimally utilized. In addition to the less frequent illness and closer bond between infant and mother.

Ear: Risk of middle ear infection is 50% less than in formula-fed infant

Bladder: Less risk of urinary tract infection. Secretory IgA in breast milk help strengthening mucosal epithelium

Kidney: Breast milk has proper amount of salt and protein, therefore, reduce kidney load of waste product

Joint and muscle: Less risk of arthritis in adulthood

Appendix: Less risk of appendicitis,

Anti stre

Pay

Dige

thos prote

Cons

Endocrine: 30% less risk of DM

Vision: DHA in breast milk enhances retina development thus fosters infant's learning process due to better visual acuity (since 2 months of age).

Oral cavity: Less risk of receive orthodontic treatment. Sucking mechanism help strengthen the lower jaw and thus less risk of dental mal-alignment. Less risk of snoring, and SIDS

Respiratory system: 63-72% less risk of RS infection e.g. common cold, pharvngitis, pneumonia.

The best nutrition,

The critical to infant growth &development, Present and future



Thailand Child Health Indicators

		year report
Population (million)	64.6	2013 ⁽¹⁾
Newly born Baby	761,689	2011 ⁽²⁾
Total health expenditure as % of GDP	4.06	2011
Life Expectancy at birth, total population (years)	74	2011
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	8	2009
Infant mortality rates (per 1000 live births)	12	2009
Under 5 mortality rates (per 1000 live births)	14	2009
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	48	2012 ⁽³⁾

^{1.} Mahidol Population Gazette 2013

^{2.} Department of Provincial Administration, Ministry of Interior

^{3.} CIA Central Intelligence Agency, The World Facebook 2012 Others from UNICEF, State of the World's children 2011

ECBF 6 months and continue with appropriate complementary food up to 2 years or beyond



Global target :

Increase by 50% by the year 2025



Thailand ECBF Rate 1993-2005

	1993 ⁽¹⁾	1995 ⁽²⁾	1998 ⁽³⁾	2000 ⁽⁴⁾	2002 ⁽⁵⁾	⁾ 2005 ⁽⁶⁾
ECBF 4 mo.	1.30	3.60	2.08	2.92	13.80	20.70
Predominant BF 4 mo.	18.70	31.40	30.00	36.00	28.40	26.50
ECBF 6 mo.						14.50



⁽¹⁾ Family Health Division 1994

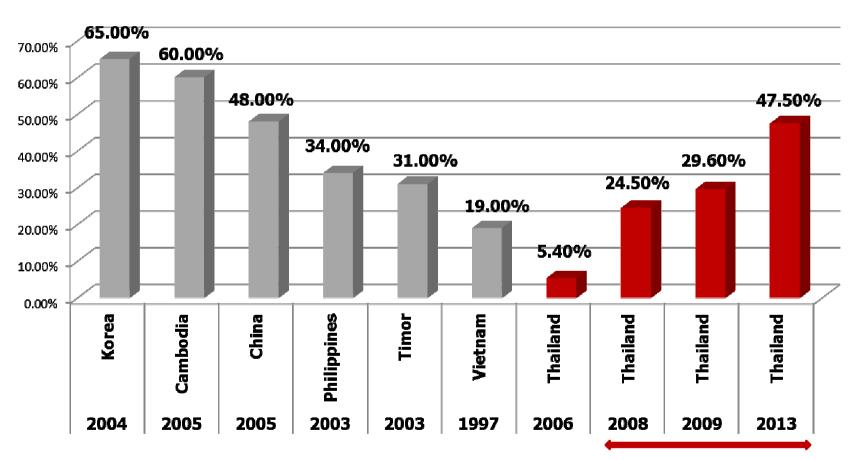
⁽²⁾ Nutrition Division 1996

⁽³⁾ **Durongdej 1998**

^{(4),(5),(6)} Department of Health 2000, 2002, 2005



Thailand ECBF 6 mo Rate 2006-2013



MICS (The Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey) 2006 Survey 43,400 Thai households Data from Family Bonding with Love Hospital project



ECBF 6 mo. in 6 special implemented areas 2007 vs 2008

	2007	2008		
 Nakornrachasema¹ 	84.4 (119/141)			
• Khonkaen ²		43.04 (760/1,390)		
· Chiengmai		54.50 (45/82)		
· Chanthaburi	88.6% (70/79)	88.6% (47/53)		
 Nakhonsrithammarat 	92%			
 Mahasarakam 	44.6% (1,398/3,134)	55.79% (795/1,425)		

¹ Bulletin of the Department of Medical Service Vol.32 No.2 April-June 2007 TBC Annual Report 2007 & 2008

² Bulletin of the Department of Medical Service Vol.32 No.2 April-June 2007 P.156



Objective

What are the critical factors contributing to this figures





Method

Reviews

- Milestone of activities
- Documentary
- Network participation activities

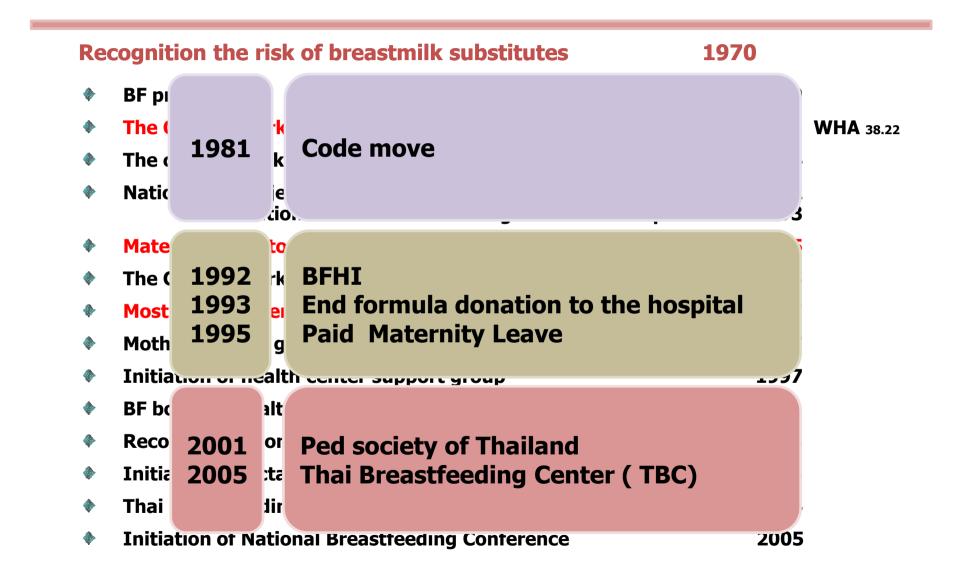
Analyses



Result



Milestones of activities (1970-2005)





Milestones of activities (2005-2013)

```
♦Initiatio
                 11
♦One mil
                   The Royal Project "Sai Yai Ruk"
          2006
                   (Family Bonding with Love Royal)
♦Family
System
                 ◆Thai BF ¼
♦BF litera
         2007 e
                  Saiyairuk Hospital Initiatives,
                   BF in work place,
♦BF digit
                    Documents & literature reviews
          2010
♦Thai Br€
                ıg
♦Paternal
               Legislation
                                                   7017
♦BF Curri
                   Paid Paternal Leave
         2012
♦BF by SI
                   BF Medical Curriculum
         2013
                   More Social Media Support
♦BF litera
♦Initiation of bick baby Froject
```

Documentary





























































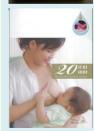














Network Participation activities

2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013



- Hospital.....Family Bond with Love Hospital
 Initiatives , lactation clinic etc.
- Home......Call center, mother support gr.
- Community.... BF subdistrict support group
- Workplace.....BF corner
- PublicBF social communication
- Health personnel ...BF literature review
 BF medical curriculum
- LawPaid maternal and paternal leave etc.















Continuity of BF Related Activities

		_			_			
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
1st Annual Breastfeeding Conference			2nd Annual Breastfeeding Conference			3rd Annual Breastfeeding Conference		4th Annual Breastfeeding Conference
World BF Week	World BF Week	World BF Week	World BF Week	World BF Week	World BF Week	World BF Week	World BF Week	World BF Week
Annual MCH Meeting	Annual MCH Meeting	Annual MCH Meeting	Annual MCH Meeting	Annual MCH Meeting	Annual MCH Meeting	Annual MCH Meeting	Annual MCH Meeting	Annual MCH Meeting
			Saiyairuk Annual Meeting	Saiyairuk Annual Meeting	Saiyairuk Annual Meeting	Saiyairuk Annual Meeting	Saiyairuk Annual Meeting	Saiyairuk Annual Meeting
								BF Sick Baby



Co operation !!!!! MOPH keeps working with the multipartners and networks

- Hospital.....Family Bond with Love Hospital
 Initiatives, lactation clinic etc.
- Home......Call center, mother support gr.
- Community.... BF subdistrict support group
- Workplace.....BF corner
- PublicBF social communication
- Health personnel ...BF literature review
 BF medical curriculum
- LawPaid maternal and paternal leave etc.

Anyway!! violation of the Code of Marketing, still the big obstacle



Discussion

How comes ?



To be noted







Our little prince was born in 2005, he received ECBF to nearly 6 mos.

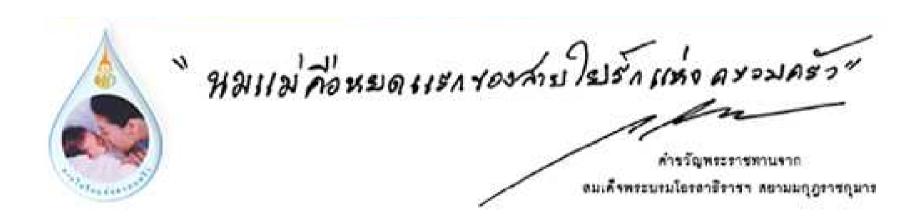
Special "One million newborn gift set" was launched

TBC team took this opportunity to approach the royal family

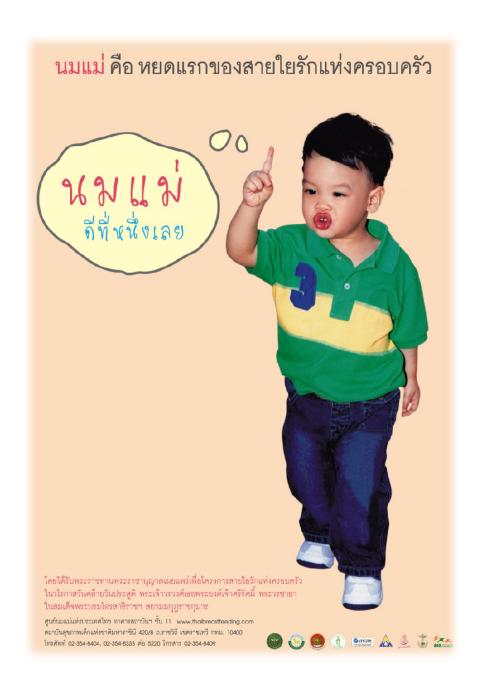
The two historic books were released



Family bonding with love project "สายใยรักแห่งครอบครัว"



His Royal Highness Prince Vachiralongkorn hand writing endorsement





The huge billboard signs illustrating the little prince signifying the value of Breastfeeding

are installed at the front gate, most of the hospitals in Thailand



















The Royal Project

Quality approach

: focus on small model villages in each provinces (5 in 2005 to 26 in 2008 and 48 in 2013)

: self help concept

: promote local occupation.

: Follow-up by the royal team.

: BF + other important child raring

: playing , story telling, hugging

: day care, BF corner in the workplace



Main partners in the royal project

6 Ministries 3 Agencies

- Ministry of Public Health
- Ministry of Agricultural and Cooperatives
- Ministry of Education
- Ministry of Social Development and Human Security
- Ministry of Interior
- Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment
- Kasetsart University
- Thai Breastfeeding Center Foundation
- Rajabhat University



The Factors Critical to Success

Strongly support by the royal project

- Persistent policy and continuous movement by Department of Health (MOPH)
- 2. The role of partners: Unicef, WHO Thailand etc.
- 3. Establishment of Thai Health Fund
 Thai Breastfeeding Center.
- 4. Approaching various specific targets
- 5. Strategies working through networks, with integration and innovation

"Every Woman, Every Child" EWEC

Supports MDGs to reduce maternal and infant mortality rate

- Service quality of maternal and infant during pregnancy and after delivery
- Increase the rate of giving ECBF 6 months from 20% to 60%
- Reduce the low birth weight rate from 8.7% to 7% under "Family Bonding with Love" Project"

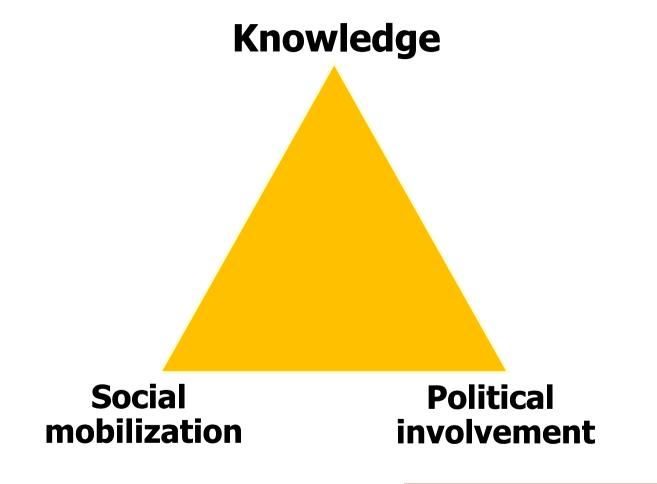
"Good Child Health by THREE" Project

Supports by 8 ministries and UNICEF

Guidelines

- Take care of the mother and the baby during pregnancy up to post delivery
- Provide information for parents
- ECBF 6 months
- Early check up dysfunction for early prevention & rehabilitation
- Improve day care center to foster good child development care up to 20 000 centers.

"Triangle That Moves the Mountain"



Prawase Wasi, M.D.



Conclusion



Conclusion

BF achievement is associated with many factors:
at the hospital, home, working place, public places
by the health care workers, family member,
community member, working place member,
people in the society
under the tense socio-economic situation and some
misconception in culture, believes

Needs strategies and innovation to move, policy, knowledge, social awareness



Promising by

The strong policy both at global and national level
The continuous work of the main responsible host,
DH- MOPH

The support from the most influential people
The well co operation !!!! from multi partners/NGO

The approach strategies

scope with the triangle to move the mountain emphasizing on various specific targets and network, integration, innovation recognition of the power of PEOPLE



Acknowledgement

- 1. Department of Health, MOPH
- 2. Unicef Thailand, WHO Thailand
- 3. Thai Health Fund
- 4. The Ped Society of Thailand, the Royal college of Ped, the Royal college of OB GYN, Thailand Nursing and Midwifery Council, etc
- 5. All the ministries involves in Saiyairuk project
- **6.** All Thai Breastfeeding Committee
- 7. Yupayong Hangchaovanich, Nipunporn Voramongkol, Breastfeeding Promotion in Thailand, J Med Assoc Thai 2006;89 (suppl 4):S173-7
- 8. Warunee Punpanich, M.D.
- 9. Siriluck Thavornwattana, Sutthirat Tivaratkul, Vichitra

















sirapornbellagio@gmail.com

VThai Breastfeeding Center www.thaibreastfeeding.org